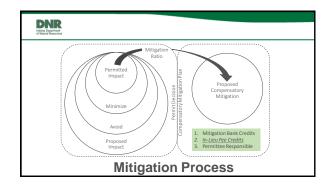
August 21, 2019 DNR Permitting Programs & IN SWMP Indiana Stream and Wetland • Army Corps of Engineers – regulations under: Mitigation Program (IN SWMP) Section 10 Harbors Act Section 404 of Clean Water Act (CWA) • Indiana Dept of Environmental Management – regulations under: Section 401 Water Quality Certifications (CWA) Indiana Isolated Wetlands Law • Indiana DNR Division of Water: For construction in a floodway, public freshwater lake or navigable waterway Carl Wodrich, Assistant Director Division of Land Acquisition Farm Bureau Drainage School DNR STILL FORTHCOMING... ¥ www.on.IN.gov/inswmp



DNR

What is an In-Lieu Fee Mitigation Program?

- In-lieu fee (ILF) program: restoration, establishment, enhancement, and/or preservation of aquatic resources through funds paid to a governmental or nongovernmental natural resource management organization.
- · Permittee purchases credits from ILF sponsor
- ILF Sponsor sells credits "in advance" of building mitigation projects
- Sponsor builds and maintains larger mitigation projects than permitteeresponsible mitigation projects after impacts are authorized.

DNR

MUST FOLLOW 2008 Federal Mitigation Rule

DNR

Sources of Mitigation

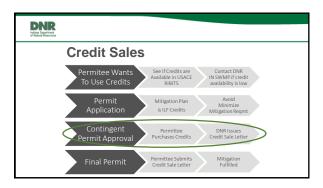
- Mitigation bank: provide compensatory mitigation in advance of authorized impacts to similar resources; requires up-front investment and usually a forprofit entity or conservation NGO
 - · "Released credits" are sold by mitigation banks.
- Permittee-responsible mitigation: Individual projects constructed by permittees to provide compensatory mitigation for activities authorized by permits.
- In-lieu fee programs: provide compensatory mitigation after impacts have been
- authorized.
- In-lieu fee programs sell credits "advance credits"
- · Each service area has a specific allotment of advance credits available
- ILF projects will generate "released credits" to fulfill Advance Credits that have been sold

DNR

Purpose & Benefits of the Program

- Provides specific costs of mitigation for applicants
- Shortens project timeframes for permittees
- Integrate other conservation efforts
 DNR & Conservation Partners
- Consolidate Mitigation
- Gain Efficiencies
- Gamenicences
 Increase Ecological Significance
 Prioritization of potential projects using Compensation
 Planning Framework (CPF)
- 11 Statewide, Watershed-Based Service Areas

How Does the program work?



DNR Inform Department

DNR Credit Sale Process

- 1. Check RIBITS web site https://ribits.usace.army.mil/ribits
- 2. No need to contact DNR prior to permit application
- submission.
- 3. Submit permit applications to USACE and/or $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IDEM}}$
- 4. Regulatory agencies determine appropriate amount of mitigation credits required.
- 5. DNR needs permittees to have final permits in hand before credit purchase can be initiated

www.on.IN.gov/inswmp

DNR

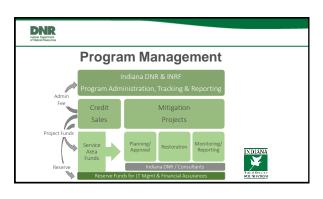
DNR Credit Sale Process

Once you have final permits, you can contact DNR at INSWMP-Inquiry@dnr.in.gov

- 1. DNR will request an invoice from INRF and email it along with purchase instructions
- 2. Once funds are received, DNR will produce a credit sale letter and attached a receipt from INRF
- Copy of all credit sale letters are sent to the Corps and IDEM as necessary. It is ultimately the permittee's responsibility to provide the letter to regulators to satisfy permit requirements.

www.on.IN.gov/inswmp



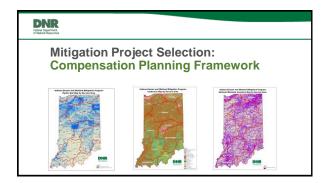


DNR Infere Department of Natural Resources		
	Credit Price Comp	onents
	Project Component	% of Credit Cost
	Land Acquisition/Protection	up to 50%
	Engineering Design/Plan Developmen	nt/PM up to 20%
	Financial Assurances	up to 20%
	Construction	up to 60%
	Monitoring / Adaptive Management	up to 20%
	Long Term Management	up to 20%
	Contingencies	up to 15%
	IN SWMP Administration Costs	up to 15%
	⁹ Credit pricing must include EUILL COST ACCOUNTING f	for full delivery

Credit Pricin	Credit Pricing		
Service Area	Stream Credit Price	Wetland Credit Price	
Calumet-Dunes	\$600	\$95,000	
St. Joseph River (Lake MI)	\$600	\$120,000	
Maumee	\$450	\$80,000	
Kankakee	\$500	\$95,000	
Upper Wabash	\$400	\$80,000	
Middle Wabash	\$400	\$80,000	
Upper White	\$450	\$80,000	
Whitewater-East Fork White	\$400	\$80,000	
Lower White	\$400	\$80,000	
Upper Ohio	\$400	\$80,000	
Ohio-Wabash Lowlands	\$400	\$80,000	

	Advance Credits Available			
Service Area	Wetland Credits	Stream Credits		
Calumet-Dunes	90	45,000		
St. Joseph River (Lake MI)	90	45,000		
Maumee	90	45,000		
Kankakee	90	45,000		
Upper Wabash	90	45,000		
Middle Wabash*	90	45,000		
Upper White	120	60,000		
Whitewater-East Fork White	90	45,000		
Lower White*	90	45,000		
Upper Ohio	90	45,000		
Ohio-Wabash Lowlands*	115	50,000		

	Targeted Project Size∗				
1	Service Area	Wetland Credits	Stream Credits		
[Calumet-Dunes	20	2,000		
[St. Joseph River (Lake MI)	6	1,500		
	Maumee	20	4,000		
	Kankakee	10	3,000		
	Upper Wabash	20	9,000		
Γ	Middle Wabash	15	10,000		
Γ	Upper White	35	14,000		
[Whitewater-East Fork White	25	7,000		
[Lower White	20	9,000		
[Upper Ohio	20	7,000		
	Ohio-Wabash Lowlands	35	11,000		



Mitigation Project Selection: Compensation Planning Framework

 CPF includes a "Statewide Prioritization Strategy" for project selection

- 1) Must Replace Lost Functions & Services
- 2) Re-establishment \rightarrow Rehabilitation \rightarrow Establishment \rightarrow Enhancement \rightarrow Preservation.
- Within or Adjacent to Other Priority Conservation Areas
 Address identified threats within the watershed/SA
- Each Service Area has more specific priorities

DNR

Letter of Permission Process (LOP)

Approval process for ILF projects (and Umbrella Mitigation Banking Instruments)

LOP Implementation Process
Lack: Coordination • Gamps File, 2010 A 10 Reparts from the Visit The Visit - The Application Star Visit
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DNR

IN SWMP Mitigation Projects (LOP)

Sponsor/DNR will identify potential mitigation projects for advance credits sold (and yet to be sold)

- 1. Develop/submit a Conceptual Project Plan & JD • Early Coordination/Site Visit \rightarrow Submit concept plan
 - Corps & IRT review & approval to move forward
 - Land acquisition/site protection
- 2. Develop/submit a Mitigation Project Plan / Design Corps & IRT review & approval process; permitting
- 3. Construction of project
- 4. Monitoring & Maintenance (5-10+ yrs) Each Mitigation Plan is an amendment to the Instrument

Credit Sales as of End of June					
Service Area	Wetland Credits	Stream Credits	Total Funds		
Calumet-Dunes	4.88	0	\$463,600.00		
Kankakee	3.78	310	\$514,100.00		
St. Joseph	1.54	0	\$184,800.00		
Maumee	0	0	\$0.00		
Upper Wabash	0.83	590	\$270,400.00		
Upper White	3.51	1,653	\$1,024,650.00		
Middle Wabash	2.68	771	\$522,800.00		
Whitewater-EFW	9.582	0	\$766,560.00		
Lower White	0	249	\$99,600		
Ohio-Wab. Lowlands	7.23	373	\$727,600.00		
Upper Ohio	5.795	2,580	\$1,540,000.00		
TOTAL	39.827	6,277	\$6,014,510.00		

DNR

Benefits of the program

- · Provides a clear and known cost for wetland and stream mitigation for permit applicants for budgeting and planning purposes
- Provides for long-term management of mitigation sites
- Reduced the national average permitting timelines with projects that required compensatory mitigation:
 - + In-Lieu Fee Program as mitigation \simeq 136 days • Permittee-responsible mitigation ~ 243 days (off-site restoration/mitigation) *Source: USACE, IWR & US EPA: Mitigation Rule Retrospective Factsheet, 2010-2014 Permit Data

DNR

Benefits and Challenges

- Ownership of IN SWMP projects
 - DNR, land trusts, local gov't parks dept., Feds, private DNR will hold CEs on property we do not own in title
 - · Long-term maintenance funding post-release

• ILF Program and Project Restrictions

- Federal coordination will be required on lands purchased with federal \$\$ Need to show ecological uplift; increase in resource/function
- All projects will require real estate restrictions (CE or deed restrictions)
- Legal Drains → Corps will require vacation of drain for stream mitigation restoration projects

DNR

DNR division of water permits

- · Construction in a Floodway Flood Control Act (IC 14-28-1)
- Construction on a Public Freshwater Lake Lake Preservation Act (IC 14-26-2)
- Construction in a Navigable Waterway Navigable Waterways Act (IC 14-29-4)

